

WOMEN'S CLUBS ADOPT SUFFRAGE IN PRINCIPLE

Twenty Years' Fight to Break Down Federation's Constitutional Bar Is Successful

CARRIES BY BIG MAJORITY

An Affecting Scene Follows Announcement of Vote--Tears in Many Eyes

Chicago, June 12.—Grace Wilbur Trout, one of the leaders of the suffrage campaign before the convention of the Federation of Women's clubs, said there would be practically no opposition to the endorsement of the principle of woman's suffrage. No attempt will be made, she said, to have the federation adopt suffrage as part of its propaganda.

The convention subsequently endorsed equal suffrage in principle. By this action a twenty years' fight by the suffragists to break down the federation's constitutional bar on political and religious subjects was successful. The actual operation required less than five minutes. The motion was made by Mrs. E. G. Denniston, of San Francisco, chairman of the resolution committee. There were seconds from all over the house, but Mrs. James Lee, of Kentucky, insisted on being heard and read a paragraph of the hymn "Woman's Creed." Others should have spoken, but Miss Lottie Stearns of Milwaukee objected.

"I don't understand why there should be any discussion," she said, in a voice which shook with emotion. "Eight million women are waiting for us. As Mrs. Carrie Chapman said in her wonderful address last night, the women of the world are waiting for our action today."

When the question was put there was a chorus of "ayes," but scattered negatives were plainly heard. While Mrs. Percy Pennybacker was declaring the motion carried, and pounding with the gavel for order the pro-suffragists arose and clapped hands.

There were tears of emotion in many eyes. Then in the distant gallery, to which the Illinois delegation as business, had consigned itself the women raised their voices above the tumult in the "Little Hymn of the Benedictine." The refrain, "Glory, Glory, Hallelujah," was taken up in various sections of the auditorium. The resolution is as follows:

"Whereas the question of political equality of men and women is today a problem under discussion throughout the civilized world,

"Resolved, That the General Federation of Women's clubs give the cause of political equality its moral support by recording its earnest belief in the principle of political equality, regardless of sex."

KING ALFONSO NARROWLY ESCAPES ARREST IN FRANCE.

Not Recognized by Policeman Enforcing Auto Speed Laws.

Paris, June 12.—A powerful automobile recently was being piloted through the picturesque old town of Bayonne in the south of France by a young man with a large nose and prominent underlip. A zealous policeman pulled up the machine, got out his note book and proceeded to take particulars with a view to the usual citation before the police judge for exceeding the speed limit.

"Name, please," demanded Policeman Pelourcat, pointing a threatening pencil at the smiling automobilist.

"Alfonso."

"That's not a name. Answer properly. Alfonso who? Alfonso what?"

"Alfonso—King, if you like."

"So your name is Alfonso King?" Meanwhile a large and delighted crowd had collected and began to cheer. Finally someone enlightened the worthy policeman, who turned crimson with mortification.

No one enjoyed the joke more than Alfonso. With a broad grin he held out his hand and shook the policeman warmly.

"Adios, Alfonso," he said, as he pressed his foot on his electric starter. In a few minutes the automobile was a wreck on the San Sebastian road.

Since then Policeman Pelourcat is celebrated in Bayonne as "the man who arrested the King."

HARVARD UNIVERSITY IS READY FOR COMMENCEMENT

Cambridge, Mass., June 12.—Final preparations for commencement week at Harvard University were completed today. The first official event of the week will be the baccalaureate sermon to be given by President Lowell in Appleton Chapel tomorrow morning. Monday will be set aside as Phi Beta Kappa Day and Tuesday as Class Day. Wednesday will be given over to the alumni and on Thursday the graduation exercises will be held.

TWO KILLED AND SEVERAL INJURED IN SANTA FE WRECK.

San Bernardino, Calif., June 12.—Two passengers were killed and several persons injured at Bagdad, California, last night when a Santa Fe passenger train, east bound, ran into an open switch.

The dead: E. M. CRAM, Los Angeles. CHARLES BALDWIN, San Francisco.

Among the injured are Mrs. U. G. Orendorf, of Canton, O., who is suffering from a bruised head, and U. G. Orendorf, of Canton, body bruised.

Orendorf is a wealthy manufacturer and newspaper publisher of Canton. The latest reports say twenty-five were injured.

KNIGHTS HONOR NEW OFFICIAL

Reception Is Tendered in Honor of Gordon R. Campbell

The reception in honor of Eminent Sir Knight Gordon R. Campbell, grand commander of the Knights Templar of Michigan in the Calumet asylum last evening, was attended by about sixty-five Sir Knights of Montrose Commandery, and about half as many from Palestine Commandery of Houghton. A banquet was enjoyed, at which addresses were given by Sen. Charles Smith of Hubbard, W. B. McLaughlin of Houghton, Charles McGee of Hancock, James T. Fisher of Laurium, and others. All congratulated Mr. Campbell and assured him of their loyalty.

Grand Commander Campbell responded, discussing the 1915 convocation of the state commandery, which will be held in the copper country. Already lower state Sir Knights are looking forward to this gathering with interest and in some instances "copper country clubs" are being formed. Approximately 1,500 guests may be expected in the copper country next June.

Montrose Commandery No. 28, will attend divine services in the Calumet M. E. church tomorrow morning and will be addressed by Rev. Dr. Fitzgerald of England.

Honor W. E. Daniell, Calumet lodge, No. 271, F. & A. M., at its regular meeting Thursday evening conferred the Master Mason degree. Capt. W. E. Daniell, who expects to leave shortly for Cornwall, England to make his future home, was presented with a past master's apron as a token of the esteem in which he is held. The presentation was made by George Unsworth.

BERLIN TO SPEND MILLIONS ON UNDERGROUND RAILWAYS

ONE WILL BE BUILT IN THE NEAR FUTURE—TWO OTHERS CONTEMPLATED.

Berlin, June 12.—Plans are under consideration for three new underground railway systems in Greater Berlin, at an estimated total cost of \$60,000,000. One line, from the northeast to the southwest, touching at the Royal Opera House, probably will be built in the near future. The other two are not yet beyond the stage of preliminary consideration. One would start in the Grunewald, pass under the Brandenburg Gate and Unter den Linden, and then branch off to the southward. The other is a proposed extension of the existing Schoenberg U. underground Railway both to the north and south. It would connect the southern suburbs directly with the main lines of the city.

Canal Deepened for Warships.

It is announced that the five years' task of deepening and widening of the Baltic-North Sea canal so as to accommodate the largest battleships will be practically completed by "Kiel Week," the latter part of this month.

The locks at the two ends, which do not raise the water level, but simply serve to prevent tidal currents, have been greatly enlarged and now exceed the dimensions of the Panama locks.

The new width of the canal is 322 feet, and its depth 26 feet. At four points the width will be such that the largest warships can easily turn around in it and reverse their course, thus enabling them to obey any sudden change of orders.

Distinction for Village.

The little village of Crina, near Bitterfeld, has risen to distinction by an official survey showing it to be the geographical center of the German Empire. The village proposes to set up a monument to proclaim the fact.

T. R. ARRIVES IN LONDON.

London, June 12.—Col. Roosevelt arrived here today. One of the first to welcome him was the Archbishop of Canterbury, who traveled on the same train and greeted him on the platform.

CHARLES TOWNE IS COUNSEL FOR GENERAL HUERTA

Through the Former Senator the Dictator Is Kept in Touch With Developments

BELIEVED SETTLEMENT NEAR

Signing of First Protocol Interpreted to Mean Elimination of Present Regime

Washington, June 12.—While officials expressed satisfaction over the signing of the first protocol in the Mexican peace negotiations at Niagara Falls, and are satisfied it means the elimination of Huerta, it developed that Charles A. Towne of New York, formerly senator from Minnesota, to represent him here, and that through this agency he is constantly in touch with the Washington government and developments at Niagara.

In the last few days, Towne has conferred with Bryan and Wilson over the development of a plan whereby it is proposed to transfer the Mexican government from Huerta to a provisional regime. Towne declared the signing of the protocol was a hopeful sign of a satisfactory settlement being reached.

The U. S. and Huerta delegates yesterday formally affixed their signatures in the presence of the mediators to the first protocol. The agreement is in relation to the manner of transferring the executive power from Huerta to the new provisional government and provides that:

"A government is to be constituted in Mexico of a character to be later decided, which shall be recognized by the United States on (date to be fixed) and which from that day forward shall exercise public functions until there shall be inaugurated a constitutional president."

The brief protocol makes no mention of General Huerta as the provisional president.

All parties are now concentrating on the second part of the peace plan, which will form another protocol. It relates to the name of the provisional president and possibly will include his cabinet of four.

The Constitutionalist Position.

Saltillo, June 12.—Via Laredo, June 12.—With the dispatch of Carranza's note to the mediators at Niagara Falls, it was said today authoritatively that the Constitutionalist do not wish even one of their own number to become provisional president under the mediation plans, providing the taking of such office can be construed in any manner as legalizing any of Huerta's acts.

QUEEN WILL LEAVE LONDON TO ESCAPE FROM SUFFRAGETTES.

London, June 12.—Queen Mary has decided that in case of further suffragette demonstrations in the vicinity of the royal palace to quit London abruptly and leave the king to finish the season alone, according to a source in close touch with the court and government. The suffragettes have made preparations for a demonstration at the international horse show this afternoon.

M.W.A. SESSION IS EXPECTED TO BE TURBULENT

Factional Strife May Be Concluded at Toledo Convention

Toledo, O., June 12.—Modern Woodmen of America from the United States and Canada are assembled here for what is expected to be the largest fraternal convention and encampment ever held, and for the national session of the Local Camp Clerks' association which opened this morning.

The 42nd annual Woodmen convention and Forester encampment, June 14 to 20, promises to be the most significant, and possibly the most turbulent, ever held by the order. Hundreds of "organization" delegates and "insurgent" representatives are coming, and all plans are laid for the continuation and probable conclusion of the Woodmen factional fight. The first session of the credentials committee, where a renewal of the factional fight is expected to break, will be held Monday.

THOUSANDS AT MEADOW BROOK FOR POLO GAME

Westbury, L. I., June 12.—Society folk, sportsmen and casual spectators, thousands all told, crowded the Meadow Brook club today for the opening game of the International polo series. Six matches have heretofore been played for the trophy, each nation having won three. Captain Cheape of the British team still suffered from an injured nose and eye where he was struck by a ball last week.

TROOPS GUARD R. R. DEPOT AND TRACKS IN ROME.

Rome, June 12.—Detachments of troops were ordered today to take control of the railroad station and tracks in Rome.

The action was in consequence of threats of employees to begin a general railroad strike in Italy.

LINERS COLLIDE IN DENSE FOG; BOTH ARE SAFE

Hamburg-American Steamship Pretoria and New York Come Together

GREAT HOLE IN THE NEW YORK

No Panic Aboard Either Ship, Majority of the Passengers Being Asleep at Time

Siasconett, Mass., June 12.—(Wireless)—The Hamburg-American liner Pretoria, New York for Hamburg, collided with the American liner New York in a dense fog early today. Both ships were damaged, but there was no danger of their sinking.

It developed later that the New York was motionless in a heavy sea, 400 miles off the East Ambrose light when the Pretoria ran into her and ripped a hole twelve feet high and thirty-two feet long on the port side. The hole is flush with the main deck and is fifteen feet above the waterline.

So great was the collision that the Pretoria's anchor was torn from the bow. Practically all passengers on both ships were asleep.

Immediately after the collision the engines of both ships were ordered full speed astern and passengers came hurrying to the decks. There was no panic. Several of the Pretoria's plates at her bow were sprung and twisted.

GOETHE STATUE UNVEILED.

Bronze Statue Will Perpetuate Memory of Noted German Poet.

Chicago, Ill., June 12.—A statue of the German poet Goethe, a gift to the city from the Goethe Society of Chicago, was unveiled in Lincoln Park today with interesting exercises. One hundred German societies of Chicago and vicinity participated in the programme, which consisted of speeches, recitations and music.

The statue is of bronze and is eighteen feet in height. It was executed at Munich by Professor Herman Hahn, who was present at the unveiling. The figure of the poet stands on a granite base. On the front of the base appears Goethe's mask. Goethe is pictured as a powerful, ideal figure, standing with one foot raised on a rock. An eagle is perched on the knee.

CURRENT WILL BE OFF.

Because of alterations, it is announced by the Houghton County Electric Light company this afternoon that all circuits in the Calumet district will be out of commission between 4 a. m. and 6 a. m. tomorrow morning.

BUTTE MINERS RIOT; ATTACK AND HURT MAYOR; WRECK HALL

Hundreds of Miners Refuse to March in Miners' Day Parade, Alleging Mismanagement of Union Affairs

HEAVY ASSESSMENTS FOR COPPER COUNTRY STRIKE CAUSE VIOLENCE

Butte, Mont., June 12.—Siding miners, intent on wreaking vengeance upon the officers of their union because of alleged mismanagement, attacked Acting Mayor Curran today when he sought to prevent the wrecking of the Miners' Union hall. The mayor was hurried to the hospital unconscious.

DEPUTIES SWORN IN.

While the riot was at its height, Alderman Lane made a demand upon Acting Mayor Curran that he appeal to the governor for troops. The county commissioners hastily assembled and authorized Sheriff Driscoll to swear in as many deputies as were needed to control the situation.

HUNDREDS REFUSE TO MARCH.

Several hundred miners refused to march today in a parade in celebration of Miners' union day. Their refusal was a protest against the heavy assessments levied for the support of the strike in Michigan and other funds ordered raised by the Western Federation of Miners.

UNION HALL WRECKED.

They attacked the marchers and hurled rocks at President Bert Riley of the Butte union and his subordinate officials. The latter were rescued by the police and found shelter in the sheriff's office. The mob then attacked the Miners Union hall, wrecked its furniture, destroyed the ballot boxes holding the votes cast in a recent union election, and carried off the books.

MAYOR IS INJURED.

Acting Mayor Curran was set upon when he tried to address the rioters and persuade them to refrain from further destruction of property. He was thrown to the ground and rendered unconscious.

The rioters continued their demonstration in the vicinity of the sheriff's office, where all of the union officials remained in hiding.

MANUEL AND QUEEN MAY SEEK DIVORCE

Deposed Monarch and His Wife Are Unable to Agree

Paris, June 12.—Although the repeated rumors of a divorce between the deposed King Manuel of Portugal and his German princess wife have been denied, friends of the family in Paris declare that their affairs have reached an acute stage. Manuel and his wife have never understood each other, and in spite of praiseworthy efforts on the part of both to arrive at an honorable arrangement of their life, they have never succeeded in bridging the gulf which opened between them immediately after their marriage.

The marriage was an idyll. Queen Amelia looked upon the daughter of her old friend, the Prince of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen as the ideal wife for her son, possessing all those qualities which were lacking in his character. The little princess had a will of her own and was not devoid of ambition. Might she not be the means of bringing Manuel back to his throne? Such a role, however, demanded first of all experience, and in this the princess was totally lacking. She found that Manuel was a careless, easy-going, almost irresponsible youth, irresolute but yet capable of sudden and unforeseen obstinacy. He on his side saw in her a narrow-minded authoritative young person, with ideas which appeared to him out-of-date and provincial—a passion for housekeeping and other domestic virtues which fell in neither with his tastes nor his requirements. Under these circumstances a quarrel was inevitable.

Queen Amelia and the intimates of the two families are doing their best to smooth away the differences between the young couple, but they are not optimistic.

TO DEDICATE EMPEROR'S GIFT.

McKeesport, Pa., June 12.—In St. Stephen's church of this city, which is the oldest Hungarian church in this country, there is to be dedicated tomorrow a painting presented to the church by Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary. The painting represents St. Stephen, the fifth king of Hungary. It cost \$10,000 and is the work of John P. Uolinski, a celebrated Hungarian artist.

RADIUM "CURES" 50 OUT OF 500 CANCER CASES.

Time Can Only Show Whether Results Will Be Permanent.

Copenhagen, June 12.—Out of nearly five hundred cases of malignant cancer treated by the Radium Institute during the year 1913, fifty are described in the annual report of the Institute as apparently cured and 183 as "improved." In a number of cases the results are not yet noted.

The Institute declines to treat operable cases, radium being used only as a last resort.

"Time only can show." The Lancet says, "if any of these satisfactory results are permanent, and not until some years have passed without fresh manifestations of the disease, could even the most favorable cases be described as cured."

